

SKYSHL

SS306T OTDR Quick Guide

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Warning

Avoid looking directly at the laser output port, laser will cause damage to human eyes! If don't user OTDR, VFL, OPM and laser source function, please turn off and cover with the protective cap
Do not disassemble the instrument since no component inside can be repaired by the user.

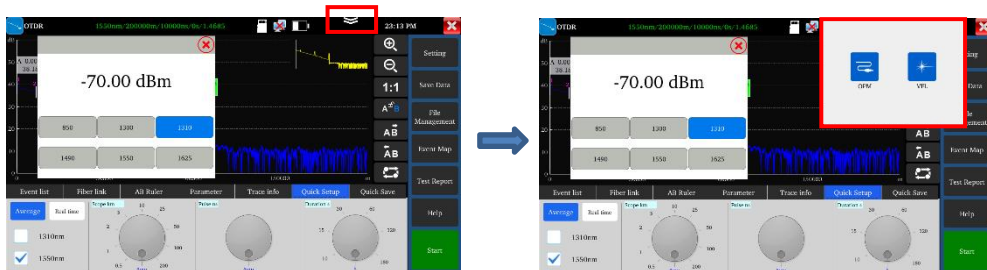
Safe Information

- The SKYSHL SS306T OTDR is intended to use in compliance with the local rules of the electrical usage and avoid to apply at the places which are inapplicable for the use of electrics such as hospital, gas station etc.
- Please use the original accessories, to avoid damage the tester caused by the use of non-certified accessories.
- If there is any question or problem while using the Multi-function OTDR tester, or damages occurred on the product, please contact our technical Department.
- Please take attention to the cleanliness of the machine interface, otherwise it may cause inaccurate test results.
- The battery cable inside battery cabin should be disconnected for safety during transportation!
- When the system is abnormal, disconnect all external cables, press and hold the power button until it automatically shuts down, and then restart the instrument.

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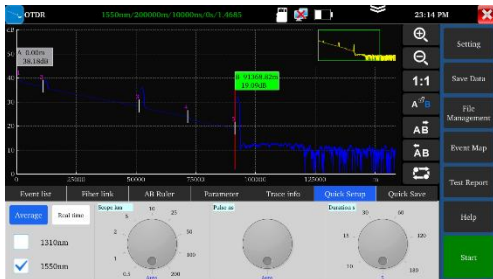
Drop-down menu



Drop-down button, call OSD menu, can test optical power meter, OTDR and visual fault lower at the same time



OTDR



Warning

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1. Fiber connection

Connect the fiber to the top optical interface of OTDR. It adopts SC-PC optical connector.

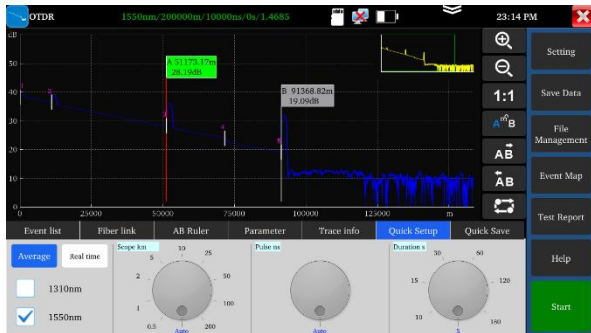
2. Auto OTDR test

Automatically set Pulse width and measurement duration, the test time is 5s

3. Quick Setup

Quick test can set laser wavelength, distance range, pulse width and measurement duration parameters.

OTDR—Trace zoom



Use the center point of the two fingers as the center
to zoom

Horizontal amplification, enlarge the curve horizontally.

Horizontal reduction, reduce the curve horizontally.

1: 1 restore: restore the scaled curve in the original 1:1 ratio.

the left and right arrow keys move the a pole.

the pole A/B in the selected state will move to the left.

the pole A/B in the selected state will move to the right.

Tracking switch, switch between different curves.

OTDR—Parameter setting

OTDR		1550nm, 200000m, 10000m, 0s, 1.4685		23:15 PM	
<div>Setting Threshold setting File setting Version info</div>					
Measurement mode	Average	Laser wavelength	1310nm <input type="checkbox"/> 1550nm <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Range	Auto	IOR	1.4685		
Pulse range	Auto	Non reflection threshold	Auto		
Measurement duration	5s	Reflection threshold	Auto		
Unit	m	End threshold	10		
Zoommap	Open	Optical fiber warning	Open		
<div>Save Restore default setting Cancel</div>					

Laser wavelength: Selected by user, it provides several options, wavelength of single mode fiber: 1310nm, 1550nm and 1610nm. (If the fiber over 100KM, Please select 1550nm wavelength for testing, **Distance scope:** 0.5km-200km

If the length is uncertain, it is recommended to use automatic range, for known length, it is recommended to use a range containing 1.5 times the minimum length.

Measurement duration: 5s, 10s, 15s, 30s, 60s, 120s, 180s is optional. When need the meticulous and smooth curve, can select the longer measurement time.

Pulse width: Selected by user, 5ns~20000ns.

Measurement mode: Include “average measurement and real-time measurement”. When selected real-time measurement mode, the selected duration of measurement won’t play role in the measurement.

Refractivity: The default value is 1.4685. The refractivity is key parameter for calculating the length, please don’t modify it at will.

Unit: Include “m and ft”

Reflection threshold: No option or user setting is provided in OTDR instrument.

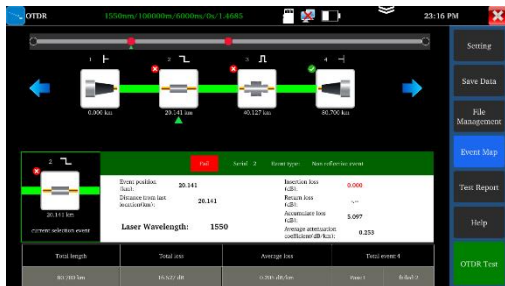
Non-reflection threshold: Input scope: 0.01~2.99, the default value is: auto. When the manual setting value is 0.00, it will transfer to auto value.

End threshold: It is used as the threshold value for looking over event point when the instrument treating data, i.e.: event points that lower than the set value of end threshold will be removed, while the event points that higher than the set value of bundling threshold will be displayed. For options set by user, input scope is: 1~19.99dB, the default value is: 5.00dB.

Optical warning of optical fiber: Options include “ON and OFF”, When in ON, if the optical fiber has optical signal, the instrument will pop up alarm.

Default setting recovery: Distance scope is “auto”, pulse width is “auto”, duration of measurement is “5 s”, laser wavelength is “1550nm”, measurement mode is “average mode”, length unit is “meter”, refractivity is “1.4685”, back scattering coefficient is “auto”, reflection threshold is “auto”, non-reflection threshold is “auto”, end threshold is “5.0dB”, When finished setting, please click “Save” to save the parameters.

OTDR—Event map



Display the quantity of event, link loss, link length, link attenuation coefficient. Click again to switch to trace.



Initial Event: The starting point of link.



Reflection Event: Connector, reflection event is shown as peak signal.



Non-reflection Event: Fusion point or optical fiber bending, non-reflection event is shown as drop of optical power.

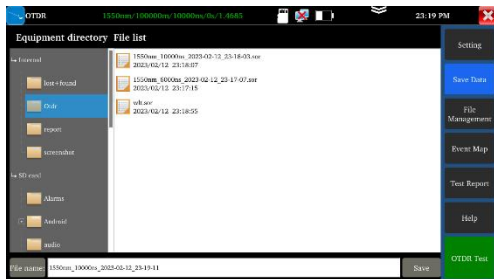


End Event: The terminal of fiber, the end event with reflection peak is the normal end.



End Event: Optical fiber bending, the end event with non-reflection peak is the fracture

OTDR- File management



- Save data: Select the directory to save SOR file
- File management: Open, rename, copy and delete the file
- Test report: Create PDF file test report.
- Help: OTDR user instruction

Event list	Fiber link	AB Ruler	Parameter	Trace info	Quick Setup	Quick Save
Serial num	Type	Position[m]	Insertion loss [dB]	Attn coefficient [dB/km]	Return loss[dB]	Cumulative loss [dB]
1	Start event	0.00	---		40.571	0.000
	Fiber segment	11064.84	2.080	0.188		
2	Reflection event	11064.84	0.599		36.431	2.679
	Fiber segment	11064.84	4.000	0.305		

Click “Event list” to view the event list.

Serial number: Indicates the information of the nth event that currently displayed on the trace graph

Type: Indicates the event type of the event point.

Position: Indicates the distance from the initial point of the optical fiber to the event point.

Insertion loss: Indicates the quantity of plug-in loss of the event.

Attenuation coefficient: Indicates the attenuation characteristics of the optical fiber from the last event point to the current event point.

Return loss: Reflect the reflection value of the event point.

Accumulate loss: Indicates the loss value of optical fiber from the initial point to the current event point

Event list	Fiber link	AB Ruler	Parameter	Trace info	Quick Setup	Quick Save
File name: /mnt/sdcard/mmcblk1p1/otdr_event/7721550nm_10000ms_2023-02-09_01-34-35.sor						
Test date:		2023-02-09	Test time:		01:34:16	
Link length:		91376.97 m	Loss:		19.569 dB	
Link attenuation:		0.214 dB/km	Event number:		6	

Optical fiber link: Includes file name, measurement date, measurement time, link length, link loss, link attenuation coefficient, and quantity of event

Event list	Fiber link	AB Ruler	Parameter	Trace info	Quick Setup	Quick Save
A	A location:	0.00 m	B	B location:	91376.99 m	
	A cumulative loss	0.00 dB		B cumulative loss:	19.57 dB	
AB	A-B Distanc	91376.98 m	2Pt.Loss:	16.683 dB	Average Loss:	19.630 dB
			2Pt.Attn:	0.183 dB/km	Average Attn:	0.215 dB/km

AB Ruler: Includes position of point A (or B), insertion loss of point A (or B), return coefficient of point A (or B), accumulate loss of point A (or B), distance of A B section, loss between two points of AB section, attenuation coefficient between two points of AB section, and LSA attenuation coefficient of AB section

Event list	Fiber link	AB Ruler	Parameter	Trace info	Quick Setup	Quick Save
Laser Wavelength:	1550 nm		IOR:		1.4685	
Range:	100000 m		Non reflection threshold:		0.050	
Pulse range:	10000 ns		Reflection threshold:		0.000	
Measurement duration:	5 s		End threshold:		0.000	
Measurement mode:						
Event list	Fiber link	AB Ruler	Parameter	Trace info	Quick Setup	Quick Save
Project name:	test	Tester name:	test	Fiber type:	Conventional	
Customer name:	12345	Fiber number:	F1	Remark:		
Contact:		Fiber end pos:				

Measurement parameter includes laser wavelength, distance scope, pulse width, refractivity, back scattering coefficient, reflection threshold, bundling threshold, non-reflection threshold, and duration of measurement.

Trace information: Can editing project name, tester, fiber type, customer name, fiber number, fiber end position, when save the report, will auto record these information.

Quick Save: auto name and save the file



Laser source



Warning: Avoid looking directly at the laser output port, laser will cause damage to human eyes!

It is used to engineering and maintenance of optical fiber communication and CATV, fiber parameter setting, the production and research of optical components.

Open/Off: Turn on/off the laser source

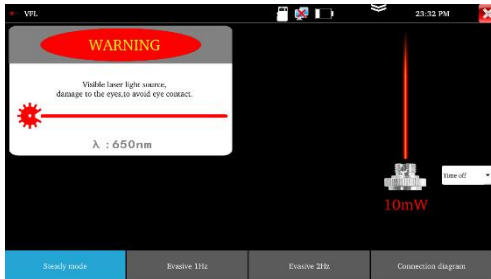
Wavelength: 1310/1550/1610 are optional, the wavelength same as OTDR module

Mode: Switch the frequency of laser source, CW/270Hz/330Hz/1000Hz/20000Hz

Power: Through the slider to adjust the power, the power range is 1-100



Visual fault location



Warning: Avoid looking directly at the laser output port, laser will cause damage to human eyes!

It is used to determine the continuity of optical fibers and locate faults

Steady mode: red laser source emits steady

Evasive mode: Evasive 1Hz" and "Evasive 2Hz", to enter pulse mode, red laser source emits at a certain frequency.

Time off: Time turn off can select the time



Optical power meter



Note: Please keep the fiber connector and the dust cap be clean, and clean the detector with the special alcohol.

Connect the measured fiber to OPM port, linear or nonlinear optical power display, for optical power testing and Fiber link loss relative measurement.

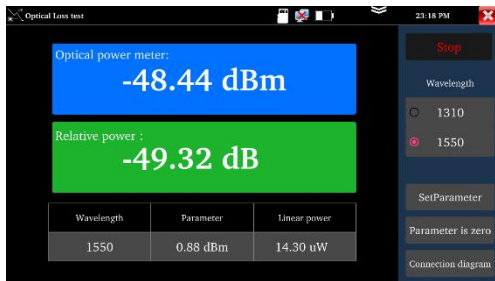
with five wavelength 1625nm, 1550nm, 1490nm, 1310nm, 1300nm, 850nm

Hold date: Hold the display data

Difference: Save current value, then will display the difference of new measurement value and current value, can switch nW and dBm unit.



Loss test



Note: Please calibrate before each test, the test results will be more accurate

It is used to test the insertion loss of optical passive devices.

Calibration: Connect standard jumper to meter's OTDR and LS port, click "Start", after power is stable, click "Set Parameter"

Usage: After setting the reference value, let's talk about the optical device being connected to the OTDR and LS interface of the instrument, click "Start", the relative power on the interface is insertion loss value of the tested device



Length test



Note: The measured cable cannot be connected to any device. If connected to other devices, it will cause incorrect measurement results!

It is used to measure cable's length in the open status.

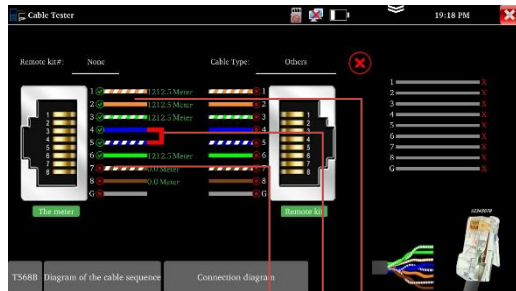
Usage: Insert accessory RJ45 to BNC converter into the UTP port and connect alligator clip to its BNC interface. The measured cable needs to be peeled out and exposed the copper core.

Cable type: BNC cable, network cable, RVV control cable, Telephone line and TVVB cable etc
Length test: measure the cable length.

Repeat test" can continue to test cable length, The short-circuit status will not display the cable length



UTP cable test



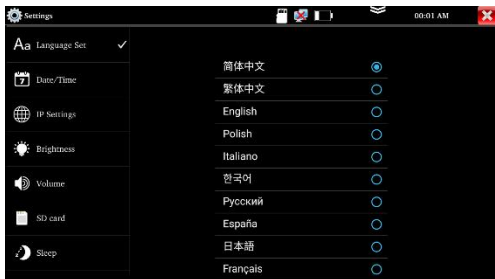
Test cable's continuity, length and fault locator of RJ45 cable connector. The number of the cable tester is 255.

Connect LAN cable or telephone cable to UTP port of tester, the other end don't connect any device, can test fault locator of RJ45 cable connector and cable length. the other end connect to UTP port of wire receiver, enter cable test app to test cable's continuity and sequence.

1. The cable is normal, can test cable length
2. The cable is short circuit
3. The RJ45 cable connector is faulty, or a breakpoint 1 meter away from the RJ45 cable connector



Setting



Language: Support English, Chinese, Korean, Russian, Italian, Polish, Spanish, French or Japanese, German, Turkish, etc.

Date/Time: Set the Date/time of the IP tester

IP setting: Manually set the IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway and DNS address (Optional)

Brightness: Set the desired brightness of the tester

Volume: Set volume level

SD Card: Displays SD Card Capacity. You can also format the SD card or unmount it before removing it.

Power off: can select 1/2/5/10/20 minutes, auto power off

Version information: Shows applications version information



Fiber end inspection



It is used to inspecting the cleanliness of the fiber end face

Parameter setting: Adjust the image brightness and contrast

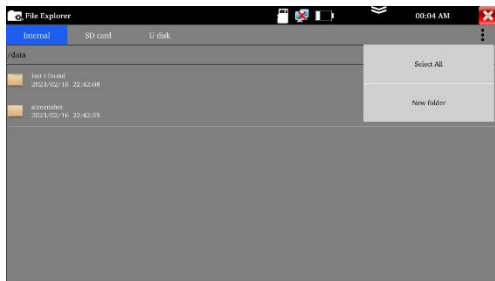
Create report: Create the PDF file

Reset: Reset the fiber lens

Note: Not includes fiber end device



File Explorer



It is used to view the report and picture.

Click "File" on the top bar tool, can select internal or external storage. Click on the upper right corner Icon "...". will pop-up menu, you can select other operation or create new folder.

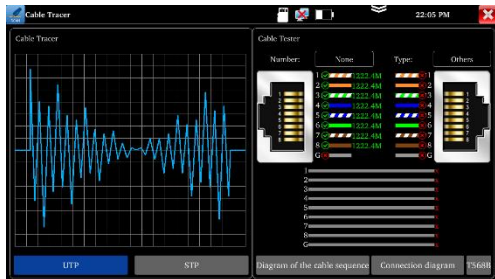
otdr: Save the OTDR file

report: Save test report

screenshot: Save screenshot and picture



Digital cable tracer (Optional)



Connect tested cable or BNC cable to the UTP port

Support UTP mode and STP mode.

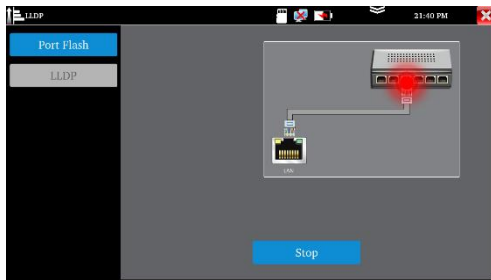
Cable tracer and Cable tester can be tested at the same time. It is better to judge whether the search network cable is accurate.

Connect the other end of the tested network cable to the "UTP" port of cable tracer, the cable sequence, continuity, test box number and network cable type will be displayed on the right side of the meter interface.

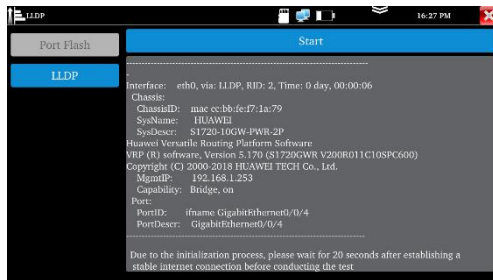
The "G" indicates the continuity of the shielded network cable. The 1-8 indicators of cable tracer will flash according to the cable sequence. The DIRECT / CROSS / OTHER three indicator lights display the type of network cable directly.



Port Flashing (Optional)



Quickly find the connected Ethernet cable
Click "Start". The tester will send special signals to make the connected LAN port flicker at special frequency



Used to detect the main capabilities, management addresses, device identification, interface identification, and other information of switches and other devices.

Note: The switch support LLDP protocol.



RJ45 Cable TDR test (optional)



Connect cable to the LAN port of tester, the other end connect or disconnect other device. Enter “RJ45 cable TDR test” app to test cable’s length. Test cable’s length, please don’t connect any device. **The max measurement length is 600 meter.**

If cable is open circuit or short circuit, can test the cable length, if screen display "online", the testing result would be not accurate.



FTP Server (Optional)

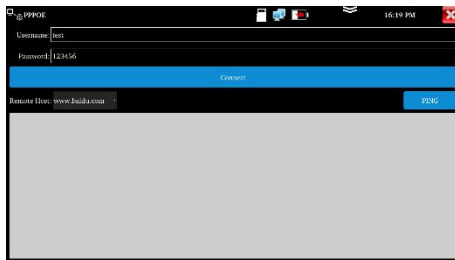


Used to copy and edit the files from the SD card without the use of SD card reader.

Start the FTP server and then input the tester's FTP address in the PC's address bar.



PPPOE (Optional)

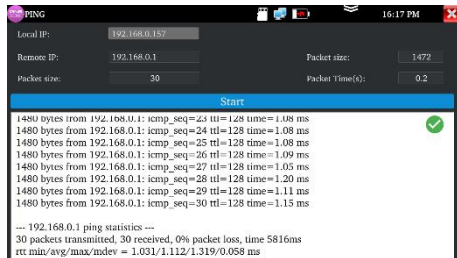


Used to detect whether broadband PPPOE dialing is normal.

Connect the network cable to the LAN port of tester, enter the username and password, click "OK" to dialing test. After the dialing is successful, click "PING" to detect the internet



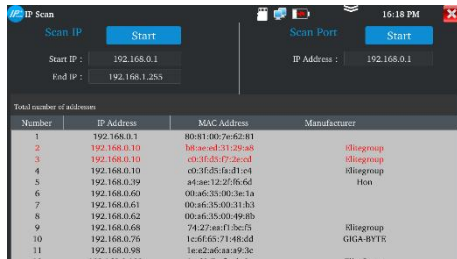
PING (Optional)



It is used for testing if the connected IP camera or other network equipment's Ethernet port is working normally and the IP address is correct.



IP Scan (Optional)



It is used for quickly find the IP address of the IP camera or other device connected to the instrument, supporting scanning MAC address, camera manufacturer, and scanning for IP conflicts.

Specifications					
Model	SS306T			SS306T with Network function	
Screen & Display	5.55 inch OLED screen display, 1280*720 resolution				
Wavelength(nm)	1550	1310/1550	1550	1310/1550	1610
Dynamic range (dB)	24	26/24	24	26/24	26
support detect optical signal	Not support	Support	Not support	Support	Not support
Active fiber	1310/1490/1577/1625	Not support	1310/1490/1577/1625	Not support	1310/1490/1550/1577
Event blind zone (m)	≤1.6				
Attenuation blind zone (m)	≤8				
Distance scope (Km)	0.5、1、2、5、10、25、50、100、200				
Pulse width (ns)	5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 80, 160, 300, 500, 800, 1000, 2000, 4000, 6000, 10000, 20000				
Distance uncertainty	±(1 m + 5×10 ⁻⁵ × distance + sampling interval)				
Measurement duration	5s~3min				
Linearity (dB/dB)	±0.05				

Minimum distance	0.05
Sampling point (K)	32-128
Loss threshold (dB)	0.05
Loss resolution ratio (dB)	0.01
File format	SOR standard format/PDF
Storage	FLASH (EMMC)8G + TF card
OTDR Interface type	SC-UPC
UTP cable tester	Test UTP cable connection status and display on the screen. Read the number on the screen. detect the near-end, mid-end and far-end fault point of RJ45 cable connector, also can test shield cable
Optical power meter	Wavelength: 1625,1550nm,1490nm,1310nm,1300nm,850nm, measurement range ,-70 ~ +6 dBm, for optical power testing and Fiber link loss relative measurement
Visual fault locator	10mW visual fault locator with 650nm wavelength, emit red laser sources to test multi-mode and single mode fiber's bending and breakage, test range 8KM

Laser source	Output wavelength same as OTDR, can adjust power	
USB 5V power output	5V 1A power output, as the power bank	
Network port	Not support	10/100/1000M auto adapt (optional)
RJ45 cable TDR test	Not support	Test cable's length, Max testing up to 600 meter
Cable length	Not support	Test cable's length, max testing up to 3km
Network tool	Not support	IP Scan, PPPOE, port flashing, Ping test, FTP server
Application update	Local update	Online update
Cable tracer+Electroscope	Optional	Optional
External power supply	Type-c 5V (2A)	
Battery	Built-in 3.7V Lithium polymer battery, 4000mAh	
Rechargeable	After charging 3.5 hours, normal working time 6 hours	
Operation setting	OSD menu, select your desired language: English, Portuguese, Korean, Russian, Italian, French, Polish, Spanish, Japanese, Turkish, Deutsch, Serbian, Czech, Vietnamese etc	

Auto off	5-30 (mins)
Working Temperature	-10℃---+50℃
Working Humidity	30%-90%
Dimension/Weight	183mm x 110mm x 36.5mm /0.45kg

Remarks:

1. The technical specification describes the ensured performance of the instrument when using typical PC model connector to measure, without considering the uncertainty caused by optical fiber refractivity.
2. Dynamic range is the data measured under the condition of the maximum pulse width and 3 minutes of average time.
Dynamic range is the data measured under the condition of 200km/20000ns/3min.
3. Measuring conditions of blind zone: reflection event is within 5Km, reflection strength is 45dB. Measured by the minimum pulse width
4. The data above is only for reference and any change of them will not be informed in advance.

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to understand the needs and preferences of potential customers. Once a market need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept for a product that addresses this need.

2. The second step is to develop a business plan for the new product. This involves determining the costs of production, the pricing strategy, and the marketing and distribution channels. A business plan also outlines the financial projections for the product, including revenue and profit.

3. The third step is to create a prototype of the product. This involves designing and building a small-scale version of the product that can be used to test the concept and gather feedback from potential customers. A prototype can also be used to demonstrate the product to investors and other stakeholders.

4. The fourth step is to conduct a pilot test of the product. This involves producing a small batch of the product and selling it to a limited number of customers. A pilot test allows the company to gather feedback from real customers and make adjustments to the product and marketing strategy as needed.

5. The fifth and final step is to launch the product into the market. This involves producing a larger batch of the product and distributing it through the chosen channels. The company should continue to monitor the product's performance in the market and make adjustments as needed to ensure its success.

6. After the product has been launched, the company should continue to monitor its performance and gather feedback from customers. This information can be used to make improvements to the product and marketing strategy, and to identify new opportunities for growth.

7. The final step in the process is to evaluate the overall success of the new product. This involves comparing the product's performance to the company's goals and objectives. If the product is successful, the company can consider expanding its production and distribution to reach a larger market.

8. The process of creating a new product is a complex and iterative one. It requires a combination of market research, creative thinking, and careful planning. By following these steps, a company can increase its chances of creating a successful new product.

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